Community Land Trusts

Everything you've wanted to know: What they do, how they're formed, and considerations for starting a CLT

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Agenda

- 1. An Introduction to Community Land Trusts (CLTs)
- 2. Forming a CLT Core Considerations
- 3. Snapshot: Parkdale Neighbourhood Land Trust
- 4. CLT Resources
- 5. Questions





Legal information?





Legal advice?



What's a CLT?

- A non-profit community-based organization that owns land with the goal of ensuring permanent housing affordability and land stewardship.
- No single model CLTs adapt to the particular housing context.
- Often involve some level of community control.



CLTs in Canada



Community-led CLTs

| COMMUNITY | LAND | TRUST |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| A membership-based | Land is community- | Democratically |
| organization open to all | owned, perpetually | governed, with a unique |
| who live or work within a | affordable and stays | board structure, using |
| geographic area or | outside the private | community-based |
| neighbourhood | market | decision making. |



Snapshot of Community-led CLTs

Champlain Housing Trust (formerly Burlington Community Land Trust)

- Diverse portfolio rental, for-sale homes, co-ops, commercial
- Houses over 6,000 people
- Board includes renters and owners of CLT land

Hamilton Community Land Trust

- Formed in 2014, acquired vacant land from City of Hamilton in 2017
- Partnership with Habitat for Humanity to develop home

Hogan's Alley Society (Vancouver)

- Organized to address displacement of black community from area
- City of Vancouver committed to negotiating provision of land trust or long-term lease











Sector-led CLTs



Snapshot of Sector-led CLTs

Community Land Trust (Vancouver)

- Initiative of Co-operative Housing Federation of BC
- Unique partnership with City housing units developed on land under long-term lease
- Portfolio approach allows crosssubsidization





HomeSpace (Calgary)

- Charitable real estate developer, property owner and manager
- Owns 26 properties with 521 housing units, with supportive services from partner orgs



Summary of Key Features

1. No single model

- CLTs own land provide either dual-ownership or leases to operating partners
 Perpetual affordability and land stewardship
 Democratic governance and community control
- 5. Growth-oriented



CLT Formation Checklist

- Housing Market Analysis
- Core Vision & Values
- **Generational and Project**)
- Ownership Model
- Outreach and Education
- □ Type of Organization (non-profit, charity)
- Geographic Boundaries
- Membership Structure (community-based?)
- Board Governance Model
- Community Partnerships



Goals and Housing Market Analysis

- Identify needs of community and residents, who are the land owners
- Informs activities (stewardship or development approach?)
- Consider applicability of CLT model to particular context



Form of Organization

Most CLTs incorporate as non-profit organizations
 charitable status needed?

- Dual organization structure? (sister charity and non-profit)
- Existing organization taking on CLT activities?



Membership and Board Governance

Community-based, or limited membership?
Participation of community members in consultations and acquisition priorities?
Unique board structure (residents, community members, and partner organizations)





Purpose - Vision - Values

Purpose

Own and manage land on behalf of the community, for the betterment of social and economic goals of the community

Key Values

- 1. Long-term community stewardship
- 2. Equity and inclusion
- 3. Perpetual affordability
- 4. Engagement and collaboration

Vision

- Everyone has the right to participate democratically in local land-use plans
- There is equitable access to housing, economic opportunity, food, programs & services, green space
- Development enhances economic, environmental, social and cultural well-being without displacement
- A model to inspire a strong CLT movement in neighbourhoods across Toronto and beyond



COMMUNITY BENEFITS

Our Vision for Parkdale











Brief History of PNLT

<u>2010</u> - Community organization proposes CLT to address food insecurity and housing affordability.

2011 - University of Toronto students research how to form a CLT in Parkdale

2012 - NLT organizes with interim Board of Directors

<u>2014-2015</u> - NLT incorporates, develops by-laws and governance model, membership types and strategic plan, while networking with other CLTs

<u>2016-2017</u> - NLT is registered as a charity, acquires Milky Way Garden, undertakes business planning, rooming house study, community lecture series, and elects first "community" board.

<u>2018</u> - NLT registers a new non-profit arm (two organizations under the PNLT umbrella), focus on acquiring rooming house through new partnerships and launches Parkdale Free School

2019 - NLT successfully acquires rooming house





700 Members 76 Committee Members 15 Board Members 4 Part-Time Staff

2 Full-Time Staff



Community-Based Membership

- 1. Core Members members who use PNLT or NLT property
- 2. Organizational Members representatives nominated by a partner organization such as PARC
- **3. Community Members** eligible to anyone who lives or works in Parkdale
- Supporter Members eligible to anyone who doesn't fit one of the categories above (cannot run for the board)





Board Structure

Designed to be a representative "community" board

- The board has 15 members
- ¹/₃ each of core, organizational, and community members on board
- By-laws allow other member types to fill in where there isn't enough of another member type on the board
- Core members can only be elected by core members (helps ensure stronger voice on property-use decisions)



Community-Based Decision-Making

General membership elects board, participates in visioning for sites, consulted on acquisition priorities





Programs, Community-based Research, Outreach



 Rooming House Study
 Parkdale Free School
 Tenant Organizers
 Parkdale Community Economic Development Project



MILKY WAY GARDEN







Education

Rooming House Acquisition Problem

- Loss of affordable housing outpacing creation
- Local funding programs not geared to private market purchases or preservation of existing stock
- PNLT proposal to purchase vulnerable properties, rehabilitate, keep existing tenants and partner with housing providers to manage properties

26 MAYNARD





Rooming House Purchase

PNLT (owns land)

PARC - Operating Partner (long-term lease, operates site)

> Residents (sub-lease from Operating Partner)

Resources

- 1. Canadian Network of Community Land Trusts <u>www.communityland.ca</u>
- 2. Champlain Housing Trust <u>http://www.getahome.org/</u>
- 3. Burlington Associates Community Land Trust Resources http://www.burlingtonassociates.com/#!/resources
- 4. National Community Land Trust Network (UK) http://www.communitylandtrusts.org.uk/
- 5. Grounded Solutions Network (US) https://groundedsolutions.org/



Questions – you likely have some!

Thank you! Stay in touch:

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